国際文化学研究科梅屋研究室主催 神戸人類学研究会共催 神戸大学国際文化学研究推進インスティテュート(Promis)共催 日本アフリカ学会関西支部共催

アフリカン・コンヴィヴィアリティ・ セミナー

日 時: 2024年 11月19日 (火) 17:30~19:30

場 所: 神戸大学鶴甲第一キャンパスE棟4階大会議室

講 師: Charles Premphe(東京外大現代アフリカ研究センター客員准教授)

In 2018, the Church of Pentecost (CoP), Ghana's largest Pentecostal denomination, launched a four-year-long theme, "Possessing the nations," that aimed at possessing the nations for the Lord. To achieve the implied main goal of aligning religion, politics and national development, the CoP has rolled out several activities that draw on the support of other religious groups, including Muslims, to re-enchant Ghana's development trajectories with religious motives and ambitions. In my presentation, therefore, I will draw on both ethnographic data and auto-ethnographical experience, anchored on the richness of interdisciplinary analysis to response to questions, such as the following: To what extent can a boundary be drawn between religion and politics? How should observers analyze the centre stage that religions have taken to broaden the frontiers of development of all shades in Ghana? What are the real and potential implications of the direct correlation between religion and development in Ghana for the country's transnational relations? Are there historical antecedents in Ghana that could be drawn on to shed insights into the close proximity between religion and development in the country?

講師略歴

Dr Charles Prempeh is a visiting associate professor at the African Studies Centre, Tokyo University of Foreign Studies and Research Fellow at the Centre for Cultural and African Studies, Kwame Nkrumah University of Science and Technology, Ghana. He had his PhD degree from the University of Cambridge, and MPhil in African Studies from the Institute of African Studies, University of Ghana. His recent books are: Youth Activism in Modern Politics in Ghana (Accra: Woeli Publishing Services, 2024); The Political Economy of Heaven and Earth in Ghana (Bamenda: Langaa RPCIG, 2023); Gender, Sexuality and Decolonisation in Postcolonial Ghana (Bamenda: Langaa RPCIG, 2023) and Nima-Maamobi in Ghana's Postcolonial Development (Bamenda: Langaa, 2022).